

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Please amend the specification by replacing paragraph [0027] on page 11 with the following paragraph:

[0027] The NE \geq 5-HT SNRI compounds, such as, for example, milnacipran, can be administered adjunctively with other active compounds such as antidepressants, analgesics, muscle relaxants, anorectics, stimulants, antiepileptic drugs, and sedative/hypnotics. Specific examples of compounds that can be adjunctively administered with the NE \geq 5-HT SNRI compounds include, but are not limited to, ~~neurontin~~ gabapentin, pregabalin, pramipexole, L-DOPA, amphetamine, tizanidine, clonidine, tramadol, morphine, tricyclic antidepressants, codeine, cambamazepine, sibutramine, amphetamine, valium, trazodone and combinations thereof. Typically for FMS patients the NE \geq 5-HT SNRI compounds may be adjunctively administered with antidepressants, anorectics, analgesics, antiepileptic drugs, muscle relaxants, and sedative/hypnotics. For CFS patients, the NE \geq 5-HT SNRI compounds may be adjunctively administered with antidepressants, anorectics, stimulants, and sedative/hypnotics. For patients suffering from pain the NE \geq 5-HT SNRI compounds may be adjunctively administered with antidepressants, analgesics, antiepileptic drugs. By adjunctive administration is meant simultaneous administration of the compounds, in the same dosage form, simultaneous administration in separate dosage forms, and separate administration of the compounds. For example, milnacipran can be simultaneously administered with valium, wherein both milnacipran and valium are formulated together in the same tablet. Alternatively, milnacipran could be simultaneously administered with valium, wherein both the milnacipran and valium are present in two separate tablets. In another alternative, milnacipran could be administered first followed by the administration of valium, or vice versa.